



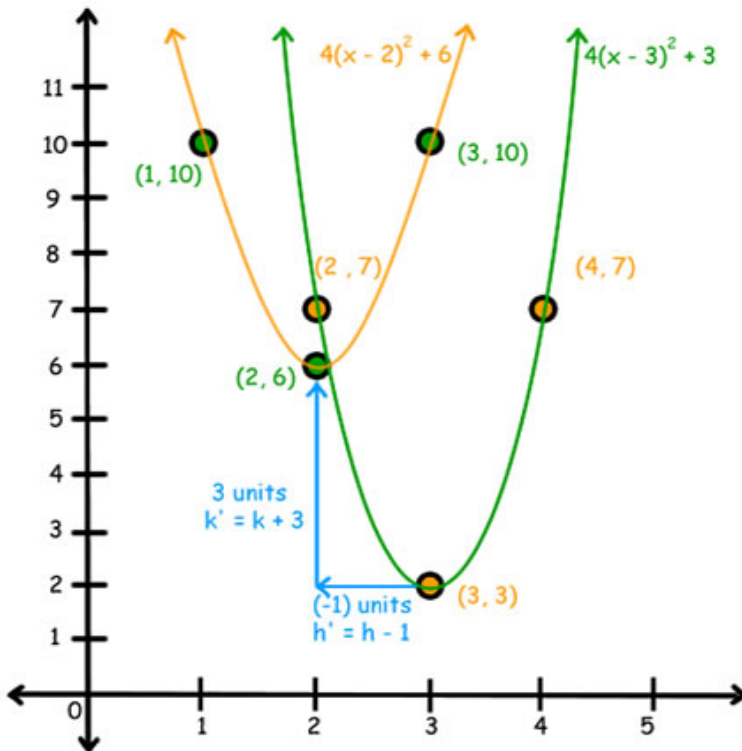
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Problem 1 of 6

Move the parabola $4(x - 3)^2 + 3$,
3 units up and 1 unit left.

Question



Answer

$$4(x - 3)^2 + 3$$

$$a(x - h)^2 + k$$

$$a = 4; h = 3; k = 3$$

$$a' = a = 4$$

$$h' = h - 1 = 3 - 1 = 2$$

$$k' = k + 3 = 3 + 3 = 6$$

Transformed Parabola:

$$a'(x - h')^2 + k'$$

$$4(x - 2)^2 + 6$$

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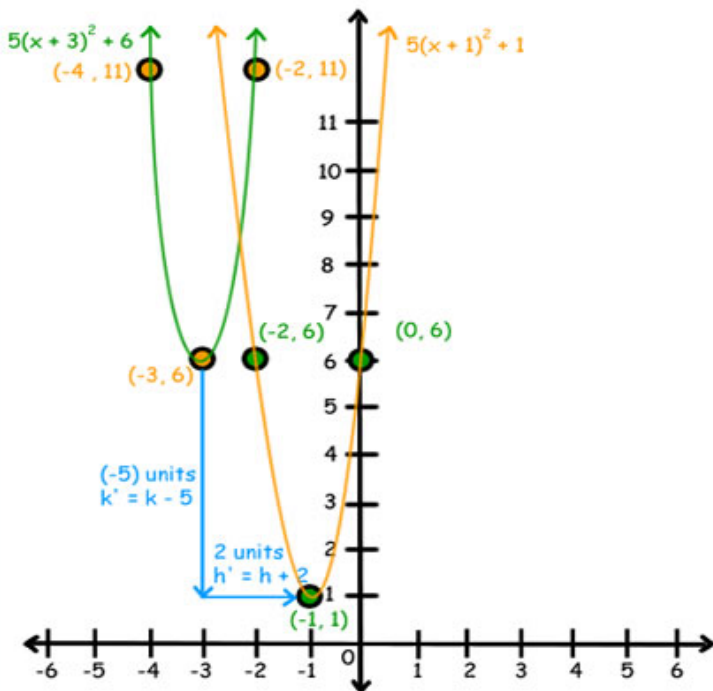
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Problem 2 of 6

Move the parabola $5(x + 3)^2 + 6$,
5 units down and 2 unit right.

Question



Answer

$$5(x + 3)^2 + 6$$

$$5(x - (-3))^2 + 6$$

$$a(x - h)^2 + k$$

$$a = 5; h = -3; k = 6$$

$$a' = a = 5$$

$$h' = h + 2 = -3 + 2 = -1$$

$$k' = k - 5 = 6 - 5 = 1$$

Transformed Parabola:

$$a'(x - h')^2 + k'$$

$$5(x - (-1))^2 + 1$$

$$\boxed{5(x + 1)^2 + 1}$$

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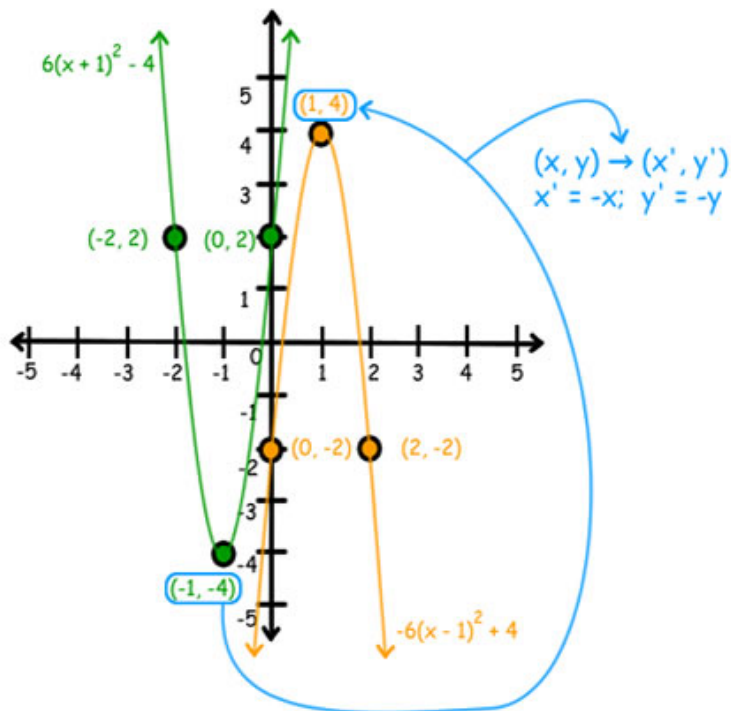
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Problem 3 of 6

Find the mirror image of $6(x + 1)^2 - 4$,
by the x and y axis

Question



Answer

$$6(x + 1)^2 - 4$$

$$6(x - (-1))^2 - 4$$

$$a(x - h)^2 + k$$

$$a = 6; h = -1; k = -4$$

$$\text{Reflection on X-axis: } \begin{cases} a' = -a = -6 \\ k' = -k = -(-4) = 4 \end{cases}$$

$$\text{Reflection on Y-axis: } h' = -h = -(-1) = 1$$

Transformed Parabola:

$$a'(x - h')^2 + k'$$

$$\boxed{-6(x - 1)^2 + 4}$$

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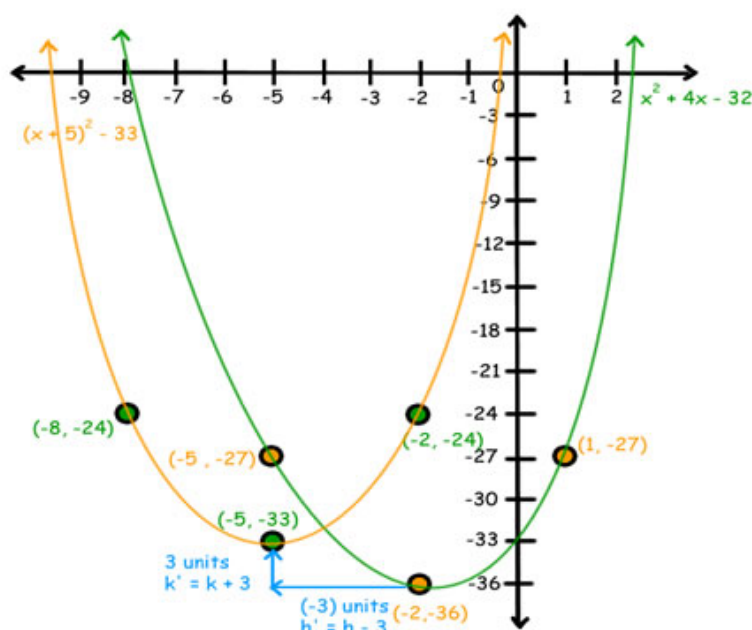
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Problem 4 of 6

Move the parabola $x^2 + 4x - 32$,
3 units up and 3 units left.

Question



Answer

$$x^2 + 4x - 32$$

$$x^2 + 4x + 4 - 4 - 32$$

$$(x + 2)^2 - 36$$

$$1 \cdot (x - (-2))^2 - 36$$

$$a(x - h)^2 + k$$

$$a = 1; h = -2; k = -36$$

$$a' = a = 1$$

$$h' = h - 3 = -2 - 3 = -5$$

$$k' = k + 3 = -36 + 3 = -33$$

Transformed Parabola:

$$a'(x - h')^2 + k'$$

$$1 \cdot (x - (-5))^2 - 33$$

$$\boxed{(x + 5)^2 - 33}$$

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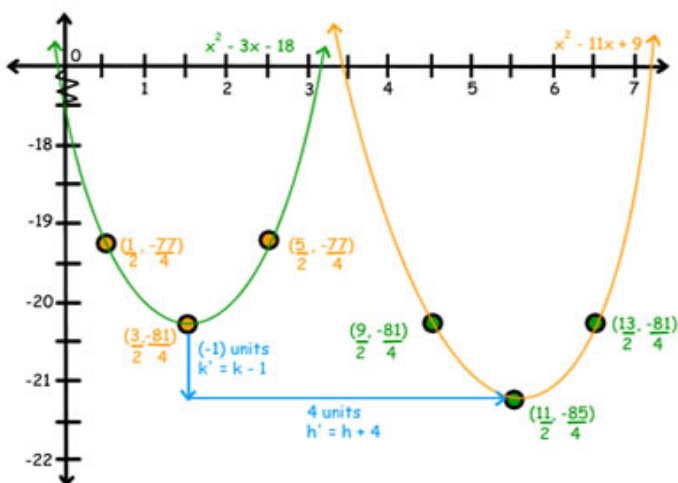


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Ask Question

Move the parabola $x^2 - 3x - 18$,
1 units down and 4 units right.

Question



Answer

$$x^2 - 3x - 18$$

$$x^2 - 3x + \frac{9}{4} - \frac{9}{4} - 18$$

$$(x - \frac{3}{2})^2 - \frac{9}{4} + \frac{72}{4}$$

$$1 \cdot (x - \frac{3}{2})^2 - \frac{81}{4}$$

$$a(x - h)^2 + k$$

$$a = 1; h = \frac{3}{2}; k = -\frac{81}{4}$$

$$a' = a = 1$$

$$h' = h + 4 = \frac{3}{2} + 4 = \frac{11}{2}$$

$$k' = k - 1 = -\frac{81}{4} - 1 = -\frac{85}{4}$$

Transformed Parabola:

$$a'(x - h')^2 + k'$$

$$1 \cdot (x - \frac{11}{2})^2 - \frac{85}{4}$$

$$(x - \frac{11}{2})^2 - \frac{85}{4}$$

$$x^2 - 11x + \frac{121}{4} - \frac{85}{4}$$

$$x^2 - 11x + \frac{36}{4}$$

$$x^2 - 11x + 9$$

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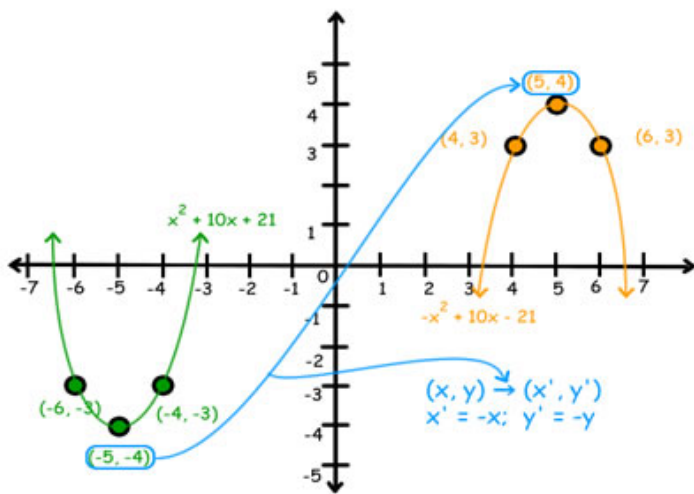


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Find the mirror image of $x^2 + 10x + 21$,
by the x and y axis

Question



Answer

$$x^2 + 10x + 21$$

$$x^2 + 10x + 25 - 25 + 21$$

$$(x + 5)^2 - 4$$

$$1 \cdot (x - (-5))^2 - 4$$

$$a(x - h)^2 + k$$

$$a = 1; h = -5; k = -4$$

$$\text{Reflection on X-axis: } \begin{cases} a' = -a = -1 \\ k' = -k = -(-4) = 4 \end{cases}$$

$$\text{Reflection on Y-axis: } h' = -h = -(-5) = 5$$

Transformed Parabola:

$$a'(x - h')^2 + k'$$

$$-1 \cdot (x - 5)^2 + 4$$

$$-(x^2 - 10x + 25) + 4$$

$$-x^2 + 10x - 25 + 4$$

$$\boxed{-x^2 + 10x - 21}$$

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